

2-Channel ESD Protection Array

PACDN004

Features

- Two channels of ESD protection
- <u>+</u>8kV contact, <u>+</u>15kV air ESD protection per channel (IEC 61000-4-2 standard)
- ±15kV of ESD protection per channel (HBM)
- Low loading capacitance of 3 pF typical
- Low leakage current is ideal for battery-powered devices
- Miniature 4-pin SOT-143 package
- RoHS compliant (lead-free) finishing

Applications

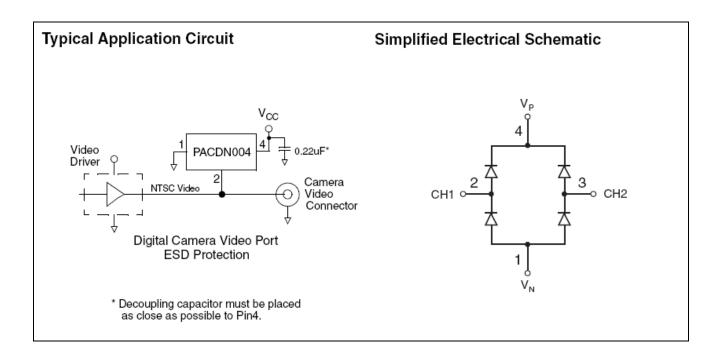
- Consumer electronic products
- Cellular phones
- PDAs
- Notebook computers
- Desktop PCs
- Digital cameras and camcorders
- VGA (video) port protection for desktop and portable PCs

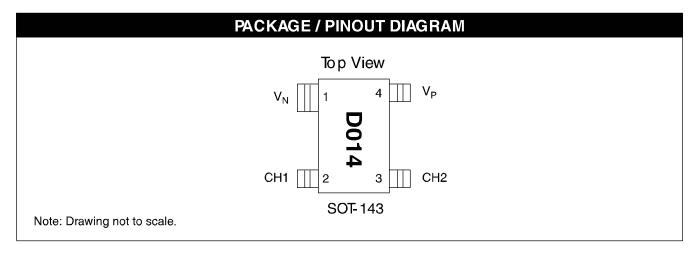
Product Description

The PACDN004 is a diode array designed to provide two channels of ESD protection for electronic components or sub-systems. Each channel consists of a pair of diodes which steers the ESD current pulse either to the positive $(V_{\mbox{\tiny P}})$ or negative $(V_{\mbox{\tiny N}})$ supply. The PACDN004 will protect against ESD pulses up to $\pm 15 \mbox{kV}$ Human Body Model, and $\pm 8 \mbox{kV}$ contact discharge per International Standard IEC 61000-4-2.

This device has identical characteristics as the PACDN006 (6-channel array). They can be used together in order to provide a larger number of protected inputs if required. This device is particularly well-suited for a wide range of portable electronics (e.g. cellular phones, PDAs, notebook computers) because of its small package footprint, high ESD protection level and low loading capacitance. It is also suitable for protecting video output lines and I/O ports in computers and peripherals.

The PACDN004 is available with RoHS compliant lead-free finishing.





PIN DESCRIPTIONS					
PIN	NAME	TYPE	DESCRIPTION		
1	V _N	Gnd	Negative voltage supply rail or ground reference rail		
2	CH1	I/O	ESD Channel 1		
3	CH2	I/O	ESD Channel 2		
4	V _P	Supply	Positive voltage supply rail		

Ordering Information

PART NUMBERING INFORMATION						
Pins	Package	Ordering Part Number ¹	Part Marking			
4	SOT-143	PACDN004SR	D014			

Note 1: Parts are shipped in Tape & Reel form unless otherwise specified.

Specifications

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS					
PARAMETER	RATING	UNITS			
Supply Voltage (V _P - V _N)	6.0	V			
Diode Forward DC Current (Note 1)	20	mA			
Operating Temperature Range	-40 to +85	°C			
Storage Temperature Range	-65 to +150	°C			
DC Voltage at any channel input	$(V_N - 0.5)$ to $(V_P + 0.5)$	V			
Package Power Rating	225	mW			

Note 1: Only one diode conducting at a time.

STANDARD OPERATING CONDITIONS					
PARAMETER	RATING	UNITS			
Operating Temperature Range	-40 to +85	°C			
Operating Supply Voltage (V _P - V _N)	0 to 5.5	V			

ELECTRICAL OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS(SEE NOTE 1)							
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	МАХ	UNITS	
I _P	Supply Current	$(V_P - V_N) = 5.5V$			10	μА	
V _F	Diode Forward Voltage	I _F = 20mA	0.65		0.95	V	
I _{LEAK}	Channel Leakage Current			<u>+</u> 0.1	<u>+</u> 1.0	μА	
C _{IN}	Channel Input Capacitance	@ 1 MHz, V _p =5V, V _N =0V, V _{IN} =2.5V		3	5	pF	
V _{ESD}	ESD Protection Peak Discharge Voltage at any channel input, in system a) Human Body Model, MIL-STD-883, Method 3015 b) Contact discharge per IEC 61000-4-2 standard c) Air discharge per IEC 61000-4-2	Note 2 Notes 2 and 3 Notes 2 and 4 Notes 2 and 4	±15 ±8 ±15			kV kV kV	
V _{CL}	Channel Clamp Voltage Positive Transients Negative Transients	@15kV ESD HBM; Notes 2 and 3			V _P + 13.0 V _N - 13.0	V	

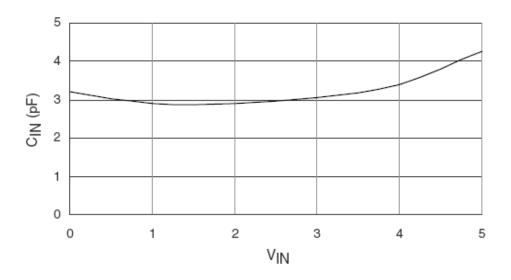
Note 1: All parameters specified at $T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted. $V_P=5\text{V}, \ V_N=0\text{V}$ unless noted. Note 2: From I/O pins to V_P or V_N only. V_P bypassed to V_N with a $0.22\mu\text{F}$ ceramic capacitor (see Application Information for more details).

Note 3: Human Body Model per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015, $C_{\text{Discharge}} = 100 \text{pF}$, $R_{\text{Discharge}} = 1.5 \text{K}\Omega$, $V_{\text{p}} = 5.0 \text{V}$, V_{N} grounded. Note 4: Standard IEC 61000-4-2 with $C_{\text{Discharge}} = 150 \text{pF}$, $R_{\text{Discharge}} = 330 \Omega$, $V_{\text{p}} = 5.0 \text{V}$, V_{n} grounded.

PACDN004

Performance Information

Input Capacitance vs. Input Voltage



Typical Variation of C_{IN} vs. V_{IN}

 $(V_P = 5V, V_N = 0V, 0.1 \mu F$ chip capacitor between V_P and $V_N)$

Application Information

Design Considerations

In order to realize the maximum protection against ESD pulses, care must be taken in the PCB layout to minimize parasitic series inductances on the Supply/Ground rails as well as the signal trace segment between the signal input (typically a connector) and the ESD protection device. Refer to Application of Positive ESD Pulse between Input Channel and Ground, which illustrates an example of a positive ESD pulse striking an input channel. The parasitic series inductance back to the power supply is represented by L_1 and L_2 . The voltage V_{CL} on the line being protected is:

$$V_{cl}$$
 = Fwd voltage drop of $D_1 + V_{SUPPLY} + L_1 \times d(I_{ESD}) / dt + L_2 \times d(I_{ESD}) / dt$

where I_{ESD} is the ESD current pulse, and V_{SUPPLY} is the positive supply voltage.

An ESD current pulse can rise from zero to its peak value in a very short time. As an example, a level 4 contact discharge per the IEC61000-4-2 standard results in a current pulse that rises from zero to 30 Amps in 1ns. Here $d(I_{ESD})/dt$ can be approximated by $\Delta I_{ESD}/\Delta t$, or $30/(1x10^{-9})$. So just 10nH of series inductance (L₁ and L₂ combined) will lead to a 300V increment in V_{cl} !

Similarly for negative ESD pulses, parasitic series inductance from the V_N pin to the ground rail will lead to drastically increased negative voltage on the line being protected.

Another consideration is the output impedance of the power supply for fast transient currents. Most power supplies exhibit a much higher output impedance to fast transient current spikes. In the V_{CL} equation above, the V_{SUPPLY} term, in reality, is given by $(V_{\text{DC}} + I_{\text{ESD}} \times R_{\text{OUT}})$, where V_{DC} and R_{OUT} are the nominal supply DC output voltage and effective output impedance of the power supply respectively. As an example, a R_{OUT} of 1 ohm would result in a 10V increment in V_{CL} for a peak I_{ESD} of 10A.

If the inductances and resistance described above are close to zero, the rail-clamp ESD protection diodes will do a good job of protection. However, since this is not possible in practical situations, a bypass capacitor must be used to absorb the very high frequency ESD energy. So for any brand of rail-clamp ESD protection diodes, a bypass capacitor should be connected between the $V_{\rm p}$ pin of the diodes and the ground plane ($V_{\rm n}$ pin of the diodes) as shown in the Application Circuit diagram below. A value of 0.22µF is adequate for IEC-61000-4-2 level 4 contact discharge protection (\pm 8kV). Ceramic chip capacitors mounted with short printed circuit board traces are good choices for this application. Electrolytic capacitors should be avoided as they have poor high frequency characteristics. For extra protection, connect a zener diode in parallel with the bypass capacitor to mitigate the effects of the parasitic series inductance inherent in the capacitor. The breakdown voltage of the zener diode should be slightly higher than the maximum supply voltage.

As a general rule, the ESD Protection Array should be located as close as possible to the point of entry of expected electrostatic discharges. The power supply bypass capacitor mentioned above should be as close to the $V_{\scriptscriptstyle p}$ pin of the Protection Array as possible, with minimum PCB trace lengths to the power supply, ground planes and between the signal input and the ESD device to minimize stray series inductance.

Additional Information

See also California Micro Devices Application Notes AP209, "Design Considerations for ESD Protection" and AP219, "ESD Protection for USB 2.0 Systems"

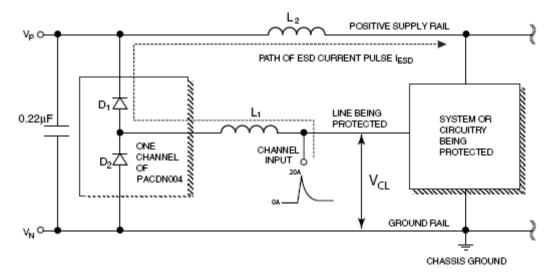


Figure 1. Application of Positive ESD Pulse between Input Channel and Ground

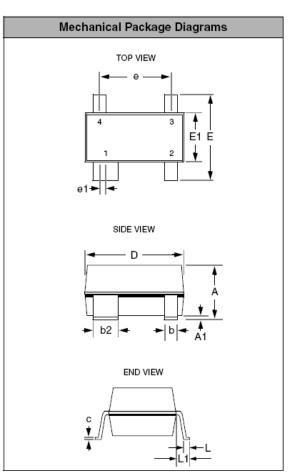
Mechanical Details

SOT-143 Mechanical Specifications

PACDN004 devices are packaged in 4-pin SOT-143 packages. Dimensions are presented below.

For complete information on the SOT-143 package, see the California Micro Devices SOT-143 Package Information document.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS					
Package	SOT-143				
Pins	4				
Dimensions	Millimeters		Inches		
Dimensions	Min	Max	Min	Max	
A	0.80	1.22	0.031	0.048	
A1	0.05	0.15	0.002	0.006	
b	0.30	0.50	0.012	0.019	
b2	0.76	0.89	0.030	0.035	
С	0.08	0.20	0.003	0.008	
D	2.80	3.04	0.110	0.119	
E	2.10	2.64	0.082	0.103	
E1	1.20	1.40	0.047	0.055	
е	1.92	BSC	0.075 BSC		
e1	0.20 BSC		0.008 BSC		
L	0.4	0.6	0.016	0.024	
L1	0.54 REF		0.021 REF		
# per tape and reel	3000 pieces				
Controlling dimension: millimeters					



Package Dimensions for SOT-143.

PACDN004

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